

# **EXHIBIT A**

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW

14 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
 15 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

16 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

17 Plaintiff,  
 18 v.  
 19 Defendant.

20 Case No. C

21 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER FOR  
 22 LITIGATION INVOLVING PATENTS,  
 23 HIGHLY SENSITIVE CONFIDENTIAL  
 24 INFORMATION AND/OR TRADE SECRETS

25 TEKION CORP.,

26 Case No.: 3:24-cv-08879-JSC

27 Plaintiff,

28 v.

CDK GLOBAL, LLC,

Defendant.

CDK GLOBAL, LLC,

Case No.: 3:25-cv-1394-JSC

[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE  
 ORDER

Case No.: 3:24-cv-08879-JSC  
 Case No.: 3:25-cv-01394-JSC

1 Plaintiff,

2 v.

3 TEKION CORP.,

4 Defendant.

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**[PROPOSED] STIPULATED  
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Judge: Honorable Jacqueline Scott Corley

FENWICK & WEST LLP  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

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## 1.1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 14.413.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

## 2.2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.

2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).

2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their support staff).

2.4 [Optional: Designated House Counsel: House Counsel who seek access to “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information in this matter.]

2.5 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” [Optional: or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE.”]

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1           2.62.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the  
 2 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other  
 3 things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures  
 4 or responses to discovery in this matter.

5           2.72.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent  
 6 to the litigation who ~~(1)~~ has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness  
 7 or as a consultant in this action, ~~(2) is not a past or current employee of a Party or of a Party's  
 8 competitor, and (3) at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or of a  
 9 Party's competitor.~~

10          2.82.7 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"2 Information or  
 11 Items: extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items," disclosure of which to another  
 12 Party or Non-Party would create a substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by  
 13 less restrictive means.

14          2.9     ~~[Optional: "~~2.8 HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE"~~"]~~ Information or  
 15 Items: extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" representing computer code and  
 16 associated comments and revision histories, formulas, engineering specifications, or schematics  
 17 that define or otherwise describe in detail the algorithms or structure of software or hardware  
 18 designs, disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party would create a substantial risk of  
 19 serious harm that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.~~]~~

20          2.102.9    House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action.  
 21 House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

22          2.112.10    Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or  
 23 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

24          2.122.11    Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to  
 25 this action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this  
 26 action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of  
 27 that party.

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1           [2.13](#)[2.12](#)       Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,  
 2 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support  
 3 staffs).

4           [2.14](#)[2.13](#)       Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or  
 5 Discovery Material in this action.

6           [2.15](#)[2.14](#)       Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support  
 7 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and  
 8 organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and  
 9 subcontractors.

10          [2.16](#)[2.15](#)       Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is  
 11 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL,” or as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES  
 12 ONLY.” ~~[Optional: or as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE.”]~~

13          [2.17](#)[2.16](#)       Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material  
 14 from a Producing Party.

### [3-3.](#)    SCOPE

16          The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material  
 17 (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2)  
 18 all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,  
 19 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

20          However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following  
 21 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a  
 22 Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as  
 23 a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the  
 24 public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party  
 25 prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who  
 26 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating  
 27 Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

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#### 1     4.4. DURATION

2                 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by  
 3 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court  
 4 order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all  
 5 claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after  
 6 the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this  
 7 action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time  
 8 pursuant to applicable law.

#### 9     5.5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

10         5.1     Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party  
 11 or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care  
 12 to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.  
 13 To the extent it is practical to do so, the Designating Party must designate for protection only  
 14 those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so  
 15 that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is  
 16 not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

17                 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are  
 18 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to  
 19 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary  
 20 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

21         If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated  
 22 for protection do not qualify for protection ~~at all or do not qualify for the level of protection initially~~  
 23 ~~asserted~~, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the  
 24 mistaken designation.

25         5.2     Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order  
 26 (see, e.g., second paragraph of ~~section~~Section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,  
 27 Disclosure or Discovery

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1 Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated  
 2 before the material is disclosed or produced.

3 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

4 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but  
 5 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing  
 6 Party affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’  
 7 EYES ONLY” Optional: or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE”+ to each page  
 8 that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies  
 9 for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by  
 10 making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of  
 11 protection being asserted. Where electronic files and documents are produced in native  
electronic format, such electronic files and documents shall be designated for protection under  
this Order by appending the word “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” to the file names.

15 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection  
 16 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which  
 17 material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all  
 18 of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
 19 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants  
 20 copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof,  
 21 qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the  
 22 Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY  
 23 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” Optional: or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
 24 SOURCE CODE<sup>+</sup>”) to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions  
 25 of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify  
 26 the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify,  
 27 for each portion, the level of protection being asserted.

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Parties shall give the other parties notice if they reasonably expect a deposition, hearing or other proceeding to include Protected Material so that the other parties can ensure that only authorized individuals who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A) are present at those proceedings. The use of a document as an exhibit at a deposition shall not in any way affect its designation as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

Transcripts containing Protected Material shall have an obvious legend on the title page  
that the transcript contains Protected Material, and the title page shall be followed by a list of all  
pages (including line numbers as appropriate) that have been designated as Protected Material  
and the level of protection being asserted by the Designating Party. The Designating Party shall  
inform the court reporter of these requirements. Any transcript that is prepared before the  
expiration of a 21-day period for designation shall be treated during that period as if it had been  
designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" in its entirety unless  
otherwise agreed. After the expiration of that period, the transcript shall be treated only as

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1 | actually designated.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" ~~Optional:~~ or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE". If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s) and specify the level of protection being asserted.

9        5.3     Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
10 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's  
11 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a  
12 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is  
13 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## **6.6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

5       6.1     Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of  
6 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality  
7 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic  
8 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to  
9 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the  
0 original designation is disclosed. Any challenge must be made in good faith.

21       6.2     Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution  
22 process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis  
23 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written  
24 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this  
25 specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in  
26 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other  
27 forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In

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1 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality  
 2 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the  
 3 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered,  
 4 to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next  
 5 stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or  
 6 establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in  
 7 a timely manner.

8       6.3     Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court  
 9 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under  
 10 Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days  
 11 of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and  
 12 confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier.<sup>4</sup> Each such motion must be  
 13 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet  
 14 and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party  
 15 to make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if  
 16 applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged  
 17 designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality  
 18 designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the  
 19 designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to  
 20 this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has  
 21 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

22       The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating  
 23 Party. Frivolous challenges<sup>5</sup> and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose  
 24 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to  
 25 sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to  
 26

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27       <sup>4</sup> Alternative: It may be appropriate in certain circumstances for the parties to agree to shift the burden to move on the  
 28 Challenging Party after a certain number of challenges are made to avoid an abuse of the process. The burden of  
 persuasion would remain on the Designating Party.

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1 file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the  
 2 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's  
 3 designation until the court rules on the challenge.

4 **7.7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

5       7.1     Basic Principles. The Court has granted the Parties' administrative motion  
 6 relating *Tekion Corp. v. CDK Global, LLC* (3:24-cv-08879-JSC) to *CDK Global, LLC v. Tekion*  
 7 *Corp.* (3:25-cv-1394-JSC). Accordingly, the Parties agree that to the extent discovery in cases  
 8 that have been consolidated by the Court involve different documents or materials, documents  
 9 produced in one related case may be used in the other related case or cases and vice versa. For  
 10 the avoidance of doubt, this discovery sharing provision includes written responses to written  
 11 discovery requests, including Interrogatories and Requests for Admission. A Receiving Party  
 12 may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in  
 13 connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation.  
 14 Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the  
 15 conditions described in this Order. When the litigation in either *Tekion Corp. v. CDK Global,*  
 16 *LLC* (3:24-cv-08879-JSC) or *CDK Global, LLC v. Tekion Corp.* (3:25-cv-1394-JSC) has been  
 17 terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of ~~section 15~~Section 14 below  
 18 (FINAL DISPOSITION).

19       To the extent this section is in conflict with any other section of this Order that could be  
 20 interpreted as limiting the use and disclosure of documents, responses to interrogatories, and  
 21 responses to requests for admission to this litigation only, those sections should be interpreted as  
 22 allowing the Parties to use and disclose documents, responses to interrogatories, and responses to  
 23 requests for admission in accordance with this section.

24       Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and  
 25 in a secure manner<sup>2</sup> that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.  
 26

27       <sup>2</sup> It may be appropriate under certain circumstances to require the Receiving Party to store any electronic Protected  
 28 Material in password protected form.

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1           7.2     Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise  
 2 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may  
 3 disclose any information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

4               (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as  
 5 employees and agents of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to  
 6 disclose the information for this litigation ~~and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and~~  
 7 ~~Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;~~

8               (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving  
 9 Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the  
 10 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

11              (c) the Receiving Party himself or herself (if a natural person) to whom disclosure is  
 12 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and  
 13 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

14              (ed) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is  
 15 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and  
 16 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

17              (de) the court and its personnel;

18              (ef) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors,  
 19 and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who  
 20 have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

21              (fg) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably  
 22 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit  
 23 A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of  
 24 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material ~~must be~~  
 25 ~~separately bound by the court reporter and~~ may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under  
 26 this Stipulated Protective Order.

27              (gh) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian

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1 or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

2       7.3      Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”

3 [Optional: and “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE”] Information or Items. Unless  
4 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving  
5 Party may disclose any information or item designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
6 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” [Optional: or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE”]  
7 only to:

8           (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees  
9 and agents of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the  
10 information for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
11 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

12           (b) Optional as deemed appropriate in case specific circumstances: Designated House  
13 Counsel of the Receiving Party<sup>3</sup>(1) who has no involvement in competitive decision making, (2) to  
14 whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation,(3) and who hashave signed the  
15 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),and (4) as to whom the procedures set  
16 forth in paragraph 7.4(a)(1), below, have been followed;<sup>4</sup>

17           (c) Experts of the Receiving Party (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this  
18 litigation, (2) who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),  
19 and (3) as to whom the procedures set forth in paragraphSection 7.4(a)(2), below, have been  
20 followed<sup>5</sup>;

21           (d) the court and its personnel;

22           (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants,<sup>5</sup> and Professional

23 <sup>3</sup>It may be appropriate under certain circumstances to limit the number of Designated House Counsel who may  
access “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information under this provision.

24 <sup>4</sup>This Order contemplates that Designated House Counsel shall not have access to any information or items  
designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE.” It may also be appropriate under certain circumstances  
to limit how Designated House Counsel may access “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”  
information. For example, Designated House Counsel may be limited to viewing “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information only if it is filed with the court under seal, or in the presence of Outside  
Counsel at their offices.

25 <sup>5</sup>Alternative: The parties may wish to allow disclosure of information not only to professional jury or trial  
consultants, but also to mock jurors, to further trial preparation. In that situation, the parties may wish to draft a  
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1 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the  
 2 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A); ~~and~~  
 3 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably  
 4 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit  
 5 A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of  
 6 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may  
 7 not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and  
 8 (fg) the author or recipient of a document containing the information, an employee of the  
 9 Producing Party, or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the  
 10 information.

11       7.4    Procedures for Approving or Objecting to Disclosure of “HIGHLY  
 12 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” ~~[Optional:~~ or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
 13 ~~SOURCE CODE”+ Information or Items to Designated House Counsel<sup>6</sup> or Experts.<sup>7</sup>~~

14 ~~(a)(1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed to in writing by the Designating Party, a-~~  
 15 ~~Party that seeks to disclose to Designated House Counsel any information or item that has been designated~~  
 16 ~~“HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” pursuant to paragraph 7.3(b) first must~~  
 17 ~~make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) sets forth the full name of the Designated House~~  
 18 ~~Counsel and the city and state of his or her residence, and (2) describes the Designated House Counsel’s~~  
 19 ~~current and reasonably foreseeable future primary job duties and responsibilities in sufficient detail to~~  
 20 ~~determine if House Counsel is involved, or may become involved, in any competitive decision making.<sup>8</sup>~~

21  
 22 ~~consultants, but also to mock jurors, to further trial preparation. In that situation, the parties may wish to draft a~~  
~~simplified, precisely tailored Undertaking for mock jurors to sign.~~

23 ~~<sup>6</sup> Alternative: The parties may exchange names of a certain number of Designated House Counsel instead of~~  
~~following this procedure.~~

24 ~~<sup>7</sup> Alternative: “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information or~~  
~~items may be disclosed to an Expert without disclosure of the identity of the Expert as long as the Expert is not a~~  
~~current officer, director, or employee of a competitor of a Party or anticipated to become one.~~

25 ~~<sup>8</sup> It may be appropriate in certain circumstances to require any Designated House Counsel who receives “HIGHLY~~  
~~CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information pursuant to this Order to disclose any relevant~~  
~~changes in job duties or responsibilities prior to final disposition of the litigation to allow the Designating Party to~~  
~~evaluate any later arising competitive decision making responsibilities.~~

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1                             (a)(2) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed to in writing by the Designating  
 2 Party, a Party that seeks to disclose to an Expert (as defined in this Order) any information or  
 3 item that has been designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”  
 4 ~~[Optional:~~ or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE”] pursuant to ~~paragraph~~Section  
 5 7.3(c) first must make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) ~~identifies the general~~  
 6 ~~categories of~~seeks permission to disclose “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES  
 7 ONLY” ~~[Optional:~~ or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE”] information ~~that the~~  
 8 ~~Receiving Party seeks permission to disclose to~~to the Expert, (2) sets forth the full name of the  
 9 Expert and the city and state of his or her primary residence, (3) attaches a copy of the Expert’s  
 10 current resume, (4) identifies the Expert’s current employer(s), (5) identifies each person or  
 11 entity from whom the Expert has received compensation or funding for work in his or her areas  
 12 of expertise or to whom the expert has provided professional services, including in connection  
 13 with a litigation, at any time during the preceding five years,<sup>9</sup> and (6) identifies (by name and  
 14 number of the case, filing date, and location of court) any litigation in connection with which the  
 15 Expert has offered expert testimony, including through a declaration, report, or testimony at a  
 16 deposition or trial, during the preceding five years.<sup>10</sup>

17                             (b) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in the preceding  
 18 respective paragraphs may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified ~~Designated~~  
 19 ~~House Counsel or~~ Expert unless, within 14 days of delivering the request, the Party receives a  
 20 written objection from the Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the  
 21 grounds on which it is based.

22                             (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer with the

23  
 24  
 25                             <sup>9</sup>~~If the Expert believes any of this information is subject to a confidentiality obligation to a third party, then the~~  
 26 ~~Expert should provide whatever information the Expert believes can be disclosed without violating any~~  
 27 ~~confidentiality agreements, and the Party seeking to disclose to the Expert shall be available to meet and confer with~~  
 28 ~~the Designating Party regarding any such engagement.~~

29                             <sup>10</sup>~~It may be appropriate in certain circumstances to restrict the Expert from undertaking certain limited work prior to~~  
 30 ~~the termination of the litigation that could foreseeably result in an improper use of the Designating Party’s “HIGHLY~~  
 31 ~~CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information.~~

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1 Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by  
 2 agreement within seven days of the written objection. If no agreement is reached, the Party  
 3 seeking to make the disclosure to ~~Designated House Counsel or~~ the Expert may file a motion as  
 4 provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable)  
 5 seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe the circumstances  
 6 with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons why the disclosure to ~~Designated House Counsel or~~  
 7 the Expert is reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail, and  
 8 suggest any additional means that could be used to reduce that risk. In addition, any such motion  
 9 must be accompanied by a competent declaration describing the parties' efforts to resolve the  
 10 matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the content of the meet and confer discussions) and  
 11 setting forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to approve the  
 12 disclosure.

13 In any such proceeding, the Party opposing disclosure to ~~Designated House Counsel or~~ the  
 14 Expert shall bear the burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail  
 15 (under the safeguards proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected  
 16 Material to its ~~Designated House Counsel or~~ Expert.

#### 8. PROSECUTION BAR [OPTIONAL]

18 ~~Absent written consent from the Producing Party, any individual who receives access to~~  
 19 ~~“HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” [Optional: or “HIGHLY~~  
 20 ~~CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE CODE”] information shall not be involved in the prosecution of patents or~~  
 21 ~~patent applications relating to [insert subject matter of the invention and of highly confidential technical~~  
 22 ~~information to be produced], including without limitation the patents asserted in this action and any patent~~  
 23 ~~or application claiming priority to or otherwise related to the patents asserted in this action, before any~~  
 24 ~~foreign or domestic agency, including the United States Patent and Trademark Office (“the Patent~~  
 25 ~~Office”).<sup>11</sup> For purposes of this paragraph, “prosecution” includes directly or indirectly drafting,~~

27 <sup>11</sup> ~~It may be appropriate under certain circumstances to require Outside and House Counsel who receive access to~~  
 28 ~~“HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information to implement an “Ethical Wall.”~~  
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1 amending, advising, or otherwise affecting the scope or maintenance of patent claims.<sup>12</sup> To avoid any  
 2 doubt, “prosecution” as used in this paragraph does not include representing a party challenging a patent  
 3 before a domestic or foreign agency (including, but not limited to, a reissue protest, *ex parte*  
 4 reexamination or *inter partes* reexamination). This Prosecution Bar shall begin when access to “HIGHLY  
 5 CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” [Optional: or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL  
 6 SOURCE CODE”] information is first received by the affected individual and shall end two (2) years  
 7 after final termination of this action.<sup>13</sup>

#### 9.8. SOURCE CODE [OPTIONAL]

9 (a) To the extent production of source code becomes necessary in this case, a  
 10 Producing Party may designate source code as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE”  
 11 if it comprises or includes confidential, proprietary or trade secret source code.

12 (b) Protected Material designated as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE  
 13 CODE” shall be subject to all of the protections afforded to “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
 14 SOURCE CODE” shall be subject to all of the protections afforded to “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL  
 15 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information [Optional: including the Prosecution Bar set forth in  
 16 Paragraph 8], and may be disclosed only to the individuals to whom “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL  
 17 – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information may be disclosed, as set forth in Paragraphs 7.3  
 18 and 7.4, with the exception of Designated House Counsel.<sup>14</sup>

19 (c) Any source code produced in discovery shall be made available for inspection, in a  
 20 format allowing it to be reasonably reviewed and searched, during normal business hours or at  
 21 other mutually agreeable times, at an office of the Producing Party’s counsel or another mutually  
 22 agreed upon location.<sup>15</sup> a location that is reasonably convenient for the Receiving Party and any

23  
 24 <sup>12</sup> Prosecution includes, for example, original prosecution, reissue and reexamination proceedings.

25 <sup>13</sup> Alternative: It may be appropriate for the Prosecution Bar to apply only to individuals who receive access to  
 26 another party’s “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” technical or source code information  
 27 pursuant to this Order, such as under circumstances where one or more parties is not expected to produce “HIGHLY  
 28 CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information that is technical in nature or “HIGHLY  
 CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE CODE” information,

<sup>14</sup> It may be appropriate under certain circumstances to allow House Counsel access to derivative materials including  
 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE CODE” information, such as exhibits to motions or expert reports,  
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1       experts to whom the source code may be disclosed.<sup>15</sup> The source code shall be made available for  
 2 inspection on a secured computer in a secured room without Internet access or network access to  
 3 other computers, and the Receiving Party shall not copy, remove, or otherwise transfer any  
 4 portion of the source code onto any recordable media or recordable device. The Producing Party  
 5 may visually monitor the activities of the Receiving Party's representatives during any source  
 6 code review, but only to ensure that there is no unauthorized recording, copying, or transmission  
 7 of the source code.<sup>16</sup>

8               (d)     The Receiving Party may request paper copies of limited portions of source code  
 9 that are reasonably necessary for the preparation of court filings, pleadings, expert reports, or  
 10 other papers, or for deposition or trial, but shall not request paper copies for the purposes of  
 11 reviewing the source code other than electronically as set forth in paragraph (c) in the first  
 12 instance. The Producing Party shall provide all such source code in paper form including bates  
 13 numbers and the label "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE." The Producing Party  
 14 may challenge the amount of source code requested in hard copy form pursuant to the dispute  
 15 resolution procedure and timeframes set forth in Paragraph 6 whereby the Producing Party is the  
 16 "Challenging Party" and the Receiving Party is the "Designating Party" for purposes of dispute  
 17 resolution.

18               (e)     The Receiving Party shall maintain a record of any individual who has inspected  
 19 any portion of the source code in electronic or paper form. The Receiving Party shall maintain  
 20 all paper copies of any printed portions of the source code in a secured, locked area. The  
 21 Receiving Party shall not create any electronic or other images of the paper copies and shall not  
 22

23  
 24               <sup>15</sup> *Alternative: Any source code produced in discovery shall be made available for inspection in a format through  
                   which it could be reasonably reviewed and searched during normal business hours or other mutually agreeable times  
                   at a location that is reasonably convenient for the Receiving Party and any experts to whom the source code may be  
                   disclosed. This alternative may be appropriate if the Producing Party and/or its counsel are located in a different  
                   jurisdiction than counsel and/or experts for the Receiving Party.*

25  
 26               <sup>16</sup> *It may be appropriate under certain circumstances to require the Receiving Party to keep a paper log indicating the  
                   names of any individuals inspecting the source code and dates and times of inspection, and the names of any  
                   individuals to whom paper copies of portions of source code are provided.*

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1 convert any of the information contained in the paper copies into any electronic format. The  
 2 Receiving Party shall only make additional paper copies if such additional copies are (1)  
 3 necessary to prepare court filings, pleadings, or other papers (including a testifying expert's  
 4 expert report), (2) necessary for deposition, or (3) otherwise necessary for the preparation of its  
 5 case. Any paper copies used during a deposition shall be retrieved by the Producing Party at the  
 6 end of each day and must not be given to or left with a court reporter or any other unauthorized  
 7 individual.<sup>17</sup>

8       (f) The Receiving Party must provide notice to the Producing Party before including  
 9 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE" information in a court filing, pleading,  
 10 expert report.

11 **10.9. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN**  
 12 **OTHER LITIGATION**

13 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
 14 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or  
 15 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" [Optional: or "HIGHLY  
 16 CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE"] that Party must:

17       (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a  
 18 copy of the subpoena or court order;

19       (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in  
 20 the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to  
 21 this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order;  
 22 and

23       (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the  
 24 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.<sup>18</sup>

25 <sup>17</sup> ~~The nature of the source code at issue in a particular case may warrant additional protections or restrictions. For example, it may be appropriate under certain circumstances to require the Receiving Party to provide notice to the Producing Party before including "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE" information in a court filing, pleading, or expert report.~~

26 <sup>18</sup> ~~The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court~~  
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If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” ~~[Optional: or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE”]~~ before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

#### 11.10. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” ~~[Optional: or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE”]~~. Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

(1.) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

(2.) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of

~~to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued.~~

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1 the information requested; and

2           (3-    ) make the information requested available for inspection by the  
3 Non-Party.

4           (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14  
5 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce  
6 the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party  
7 timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its  
8 possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a  
9 determination by the court.<sup>19</sup> Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the  
10 burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

#### **12.11. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

#### **13.12. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL**

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B).<sup>20</sup> Section 15.

<sup>19</sup> The purpose of this provision is to alert the interested parties to the existence of confidentiality rights of a Non-Party and to afford the Non-Party an opportunity to protect its confidentiality interests in this court.

<sup>20</sup> Alternative: The parties may agree that the recipient of an inadvertent production may not "sequester" or in any way use the document(s) pending resolution of a challenge to the claim of privilege or other protection to the extent it would be otherwise allowed by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B) as amended in 2006. This could include a restriction against "presenting" the document(s) to the court to challenge the privilege claim as may otherwise be  
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1 This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an  
 2 e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to  
 3 Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect  
 4 of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work  
 5 product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order  
 6 submitted to the court.

#### 14.13. MISCELLANEOUS

8       14.13.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any  
 9 person to seek its modification by the court in the future.

10      14.213.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this  
 11 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or  
 12 producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective  
 13 Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of  
 14 the material covered by this Protective Order.

15      14.3 [Optional: Export Control.] Disclosure of Protected Material shall be subject to all  
 16 ~~applicable laws and regulations relating to the export of technical data contained in such Protected~~  
 17 ~~Material, including the release of such technical data to foreign persons or nationals in the United States~~  
 18 ~~or elsewhere. The Producing Party shall be responsible for identifying any such controlled technical data,~~  
 19 ~~and the Receiving Party shall take measures necessary to ensure compliance.]~~

20      14.413.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the  
 21 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a  
 22 Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks  
 23 to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected  
 24

25 ~~allowed under Rule 26(b)(5)(B) subject to ethical obligations.~~

26 ~~An alternate provision could state: "If information is produced in discovery that is subject to a claim of privilege or of~~  
~~protection as trial preparation material, the party making the claim may notify any party that received the information~~  
~~of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return or destroy the specified~~  
~~information and any copies it has and may not sequester, use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved.~~  
~~This includes a restriction against presenting the information to the court for a determination of the claim."~~

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1 Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the  
 2 specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue  
 3 only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a  
 4 trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to  
 5 file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 is denied by the court, then  
 6 the Receiving Party may file the information, including the Protected Material, in the public  
 7 record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 unless otherwise instructed by the court.

#### **15.14. FINAL DISPOSITION**

9 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in ~~paragraph~~Section 4,  
 10 each Receiving Party, in its discretion, must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party  
 11 or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all  
 12 copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of  
 13 the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving  
 14 Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or  
 15 entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60- day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where  
 16 appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the  
 17 Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other  
 18 format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision,  
 19 Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition,  
 20 and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert  
 21 reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials  
 22 contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected  
 23 Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

#### **15. CLAWBACK & RULE 502(D) ORDER**

25 (a) Non-Waiver. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d), the production of any  
 26 material or information shall not be deemed to waive the attorney-client privilege, the  
 27 work-product doctrine, the common interest or joint defense privilege, or any other applicable

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privilege or immunity in the Litigation or in any other federal or state proceeding. Nothing in this Section 15 is intended to or shall serve to limit a Party's right to conduct a review of any material or information for relevance, responsiveness, and/or segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production. The Parties stipulate that this Order operates as a Rule 502(d) Order, which shall be interpreted to provide the maximum protection allowed by Rule 502(d).

(b) Assertion of a Clawback. Any Party or non-Party may request the return of any produced material or information on the grounds of the attorney-client privilege, the work-product doctrine, the common interest or joint defense privilege, or any other applicable privilege or immunity by identifying it, stating the basis for withholding such material or information from production, and providing any other information that would be listed on a supplemental privilege log.

(c) Document Used in Proceedings: Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties agree that any document used by any Party in a deposition, expert report, or court filing in this action (with the exception of a motion to determine the existence of any privilege) shall not be subject to the procedures described in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section if the producing Party does not claw back that document pursuant to this Protective Order within 14 calendar days of its use. For a document used by a Party in a deposition, expert report, or court filing in this action that is clawed back after 14 calendar days of its use, Rule 502 shall govern the Producing Party's request to claw back the document.

(d) Clawback Process: Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B) shall govern the clawback of produced documents or information on the grounds of privilege or work product protection. If a Party or non-Party requests the return of produced material or information then in the custody of one or more Parties, the possessing Parties shall within 7 business days:

1. Destroy or return to the requesting Party or non-Party the produced material or information and all copies thereof, and expunge from any other document or material information derived solely from the produced material or information; or

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1           2.     Notify the producing Party or non-Party that it wishes to challenge the claim of  
 2 privilege or work product protection and has sequestered the material until the issue can be  
 3 resolved. The Parties agree to meet and confer regarding the claim of the attorney-client  
 4 privilege, the work-product doctrine, the common interest or joint defense privilege, or any other  
 5 applicable privilege or immunity. If, at the conclusion of the meet and confer process, the  
 6 Parties are not in agreement, they may bring the issue to the Court. A Party challenging a  
 7 clawback request under this Section 14 may use the content of the clawed-back document for the  
 8 sole purpose of challenging the claim of the attorney-client privilege, the work-product doctrine,  
 9 the common interest or joint defense privilege, or any other applicable privilege or immunity. If  
 10 filing a motion with the Court, the Party challenging the clawback request must file the  
 11 clawed-back document under seal, consistent with Local Rule 79-5.

12               (e) Implementation of a Clawback: Where a Party agrees to or is ordered to destroy a  
 13 clawed back document, the Party must instruct their e-discovery vendor to delete the document  
 14 entirely from their e-discovery database and delete or return other copies of the clawed back  
 15 document.

16 **IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.**

17 DATED: \_\_\_\_\_ April 16,  
 18 2025 FENWICK & WEST LLP

19 By: /s/ Tyler G. Newby

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Dated: April 16, 2025

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**[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

24

Case No.: 3:24-cv-08879-JSC  
Case No.: 3:25-cv-01394-JSC

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Dated: April 16, 2025

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Attorneys for INDESIGN DATA, LLC

**PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.**

DATED:

By:

## The Honorable Jacqueline Scott Corley

~~DATED:~~

~~Name of Judge~~

United States District ~~Magistrate~~ Judge

## **Local Rule 5(i)(3) Attestation**

I attest that each of the other signatories of this document have concurred in the filing of  
the document.

Dated: April 16, 2025

FENWICK & WEST LLP

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**[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE  
ORDER**

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1 By: /s/ Tyler G. Newby  
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FENWICK & WEST LLP  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW  
**NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
United States District Court

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[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE  
ORDER

26

Case No.: 3:24-cv-08879-JSC  
Case No.: 3:25-cv-01394-JSC

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## EXHIBIT A

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of

[print or type full address], declare under  
penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order  
that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on  
[date] in the case of \_\_\_\_\_ ~~[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials  
assigned to it by the court]~~ Tekion Corp. v. CDK Global, LLC, 3:24-cv-08879-JSC or CDK  
Global, LLC v. Tekion Corp., 3:25-cv-1394-JSC. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all  
the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so  
comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly  
promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this  
Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the  
provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of  
\_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address and telephone  
number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any  
proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed:

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_

[printed name]

Signature:

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[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE

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[signature]

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FENWICK & WEST LLP  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW  
  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
United States District Court

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[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE  
ORDER

28

Case No.: 3:24-cv-08879-JSC  
Case No.: 3:25-cv-01394-JSC

<b>Summary report:</b> <b>Litera Compare for Word 11.10.0.38 Document comparison done on</b> <b>4/16/2025 3:26:14 PM</b>	
<b>Style name:</b> Fenwick	
<b>Intelligent Table Comparison:</b> Active	
<b>Original filename:</b> ND Cal Patent Highly Sensitive Model Prot Ord Revised.docx	
<b>Modified filename:</b> Tekion - [Proposed] Stipulated Protective Order.docx	
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Delete	208
Move From	6
Move To	6
Table Insert	3
Table Delete	1
Table moves to	0
Table moves from	0
Embedded Graphics (Visio, ChemDraw, Images etc.)	0
Embedded Excel	0
Format changes	0
<b>Total Changes:</b>	<b>399</b>